



Chapter 13

Score

Section Quiz 13-1

DIRECTIONS: Matching Match each item in Column A with the items in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

Column A

- _____ 1. Germany, Italy, and Japan
- _____ 2. idea that a country should focus on its own problems and avoid international commitments
- _____ 3. Adolf Hitler's autobiography
- _____ 4. a type of aggressive nationalism
- _____ 5. resource-rich province of China invaded by the Japanese

Column B

- A. isolationism
- B. Axis Powers
- C. fascism
- D. *Mein Kampf*
- E. Manchuria

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- _____ 6. Who was a fervent anti-Communist and a great admirer of Benito Mussolini?
 - A. Adolf Hitler
 - B. Joseph Stalin
 - C. Francisco Franco
 - D. Vladimir Lenin
- _____ 7. Many military officers in Japan believed Japan was destined to dominate
 - A. North America.
 - B. South America.
 - C. East Asia.
 - D. Europe.
- _____ 8. In 1928 the Soviet dictator Joseph Stalin began a massive effort to
 - A. overthrow communism.
 - B. industrialize his country.
 - C. educate the peasants.
 - D. increase trade.
- _____ 9. One of the new political parties to rise during the political and economic chaos in Germany after World War I was the National Socialist German Workers' Party, also known as the
 - A. Socialist Party.
 - B. Nazi Party.
 - C. Fascist Party.
 - D. Bolshevik Party.
- _____ 10. Who was the leader of the 1936 rebellion in Spain that quickly became a civil war?
 - A. Benito Mussolini
 - B. Vladimir Lenin
 - C. Francisco Franco
 - D. Gerald M. Nye



Chapter 13

Score

Section Quiz 13-2

DIRECTIONS: Matching Match each item in Column A with the items in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

Column A

- _____ 1. lightning war
- _____ 2. unification
- _____ 3. concrete bunkers and fortifications built by the French along the German border
- _____ 4. the policy of giving concessions in exchange for peace
- _____ 5. a Polish port city with strong German roots

Column B

- A. blitzkrieg
- B. Danzig
- C. Maginot Line
- D. appeasement
- E. *Anschluss*

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- _____ 6. The Nazi-Soviet nonaggression pact contained a secret deal between Germany and the Soviet Union to divide
 - A. Czechoslovakia.
 - B. Belgium.
 - C. Austria.
 - D. Poland.
- _____ 7. The air battle between the German *Luftwaffe* and the British air force that began in June 1940 and lasted into the fall of 1940 became known as
 - A. *sitzkrieg*.
 - B. the Battle of Britain.
 - C. the Munich Crisis.
 - D. the "Miracle at Dunkirk."
- _____ 8. In 1938, Britain and France agreed to Hitler's demand for the Sudetenland, an area of
 - A. Czechoslovakia.
 - B. Austria.
 - C. Poland.
 - D. Belgium.
- _____ 9. Before they could attack France, Hitler and his generals had to invade
 - A. Austria and Czechoslovakia.
 - B. Japan and China.
 - C. Belgium and Luxembourg.
 - D. The Soviet Union and Britain.
- _____ 10. After being trapped by the Germans in Belgium, the only port remaining open for Britain and France to evacuate their surviving troops was at
 - A. Antwerp.
 - B. Brussels.
 - C. Dunkirk.
 - D. Danzig.