

Study Guide: Cold War in Europe

1. Yalta Conference
 - a. Who attended
 - b. What was its purpose
 - c. What was the outcome
2. NATO-
 - a. Stands for
 - b. Who are the members, generally
 - c. Purpose
3. Iron Curtain-
 - a. Who coined the term
 - b. What does it mean
4. UN partition of Palestine-
 - a. What problem did it solve
5. Truman Doctrine-
 - a. Why it was originally created
 - b. Purpose
6. Declaration of a Liberated Europe-
 - a. Established at what conference
 - b. What does this mean
7. Satellite nations-
 - a. Examples of
 - b. Satellite to what Nation?
8. Soviet Union's post WWII goal-
9. America's post WWII goal-
10. Long Telegram –
 - a. Who wrote it
 - b. Purpose of the message
11. Marshall Plan-
 - a. Purpose and Plan
12. Containment-
 - a. Who coined the term
 - b. What does it mean
13. Berlin blockade-
 - a. Why it took place
 - b. Who was involved
14. Berlin airlift-
 - a. Who
 - b. Understand the procedure
15. Warsaw Pact-
 - a. Who
 - b. What
 - c. Purpose
16. Potsdam Conference-
 - a. Who attended
 - b. Main discussion points
17. United Nations-
 - a. What is it
 - b. Purpose/goals
18. UN Security Council-
 - a. Who are permanent members
19. Creation of Israel-
 - a. Link to Partition Plan
20. Brinkmanship-
 - a. What does it mean
 - b. How it is significant
21. Mutually Assured Destruction (MAD)-
 - a. What does it mean

22. Sputnik-

- a. Who
- b. Why is it significant

23. Iranian Revolution-

- a. How was the US involved
- b. Why did we care

24. Harry Truman-

25. Franklin Roosevelt-

26. George Kennen-

27. John F. Kennedy-

28. Joseph Stalin-

29. Nikita Krushev-

30. Dwight Eisenhower-