1/24

January 19, 1962

P. 4. D. # 1 Deltow, Michigan

Dear President Youredy,

I am thirtoen years old & I'm in the eighth grade Please don't throw my letter away until you've read what I have to suy Would you please answer me this one question? When I od created the world, He sent man out to make a living with the tools He provided thom with. They had to make their living on their own with what little they had If He had wanted us to obit the earth, reach the moon, or live on any of the planets, I believe Ho would have put us up there Himself or He would have given we missiles etc. to get there. While our country is spending billions of dollars on things we can get along without, while many efugues. and other people are starving or trying to make a descent living to support their families. I think it is all just a waste of time & money when many talents could be put to forther use in many ways, such as making our world a better place to live in. We don't really need space vehicles. I think our country should try to look out more for the welfare of its people so that we can be proud of the world we leve in at school they

tell us that we study science so that we can make our world a botter place to live in. But I don't think we need outer space travel to prove or further the developement of this idea. Now that you have heard what I have to say will you please waite me in answer to my question? Sincordy, Mary Low Poitler



March 29, 1962

Dear Mary Loui Peitler

The President has asked me to reply to your letter asking why the United States expends so much time and energy in exploring space, and suggesting that God would have provided man with the necessary space implements had he wanted man to explore space.

A significant feature of our society is the right of each individual to determine the nature of God's intent in accordance with
his own conscience. I would not, therefore, presume to suggest
how you should resolve the issue you pose in your letter. Yet it
would appear that among the most common characteristics of man
is a desire to impose change on nature in order to mollify the hardships of life. This, combined with an endowed natural intelligence
and curiosity, has allowed man to progress through increased knowledge from the most primitive past when the only tools utilized were
those rocks and sticks found lying on the ground, to the present day,
when disease-controlling drugs, efficient food production, and laborsaving machinery have combined to permit man, if he wishes, to
pursue a far richer and more humane life.

It is impossible to determine in advance, moreover, these benefits which will eventually result from a given advance in human knowledge. History is replete with examples of man pursuing knowledge with no expectation of any practical use, which later serve as the basis for developments making significant contributions to mankind. Janssen's work on lenses, without his realizing it, provided the breakthrough required to understand and control disease-causing microbes; also, Hertz predicted that his academic experimentation with electromagnetic waves would have no practical or useful result, but he had in fact helped to lay the groundwork for the modern electronic industry.

Astronaut John H. Glenn briefly summed this up recently when he explained his views on the importance of space research before a



joint session of Congress. He in part said, "But exploration and the pursuit of knowledge have always paid dividends in the long run -- usually far greater than anything expected at the outset . . . Any major effort such as this results in research by so many different specialties that it is hard to even envision the benefits that will accrue in many fields. Knowledge begets knowledge. The more I see, the more impressed I am -- not with how much we know -- but with how tremendous the areas are that are as yet unexplored."

Thank you very much for advising the President of your views on this important matter. It is encouraging to find someone of your age showing such interest and concern in public affairs.

Sincerely,

Myer Feldman Deputy Special Counsel to the President

Miss Mary Lou Reitler R. F. D. #1 Delton, Michigan

HOMEWORK:

MARY LOU Letter to Kennedy

Instructions: Read the letter sent to JFK by 11 year old criticizing the amount of money invested in the space program. After reading, suppose you were president and write a 2-paragraph letter back to Mary in response to her concerns. Be sure to take into consideration the Russian space flight and the letter from Mary.

Dear Mary Lou,	
	Sincerely.

John F. Kennedy

How is your response similar/different the JFK's real response?